

-32-

Eg. MAT + PGBP + IOAA

VVIP Pvt. Ltd.; Manufacturing in SEZ, Business started in 2020-21. Total Sales of VVIP Pvt. Ltd. is ₹1000 cr. in P.Y. 2022-23. Total profits for VVIP Pvt. Ltd. are
 (a) ₹ 100 cr for P.Y. 2022-23 & Export Sales
 (b) ₹ 600 cr in P.Y. 2022-23. You need to compute Tax payable by VVIP Pvt. Ltd. as per normal provision and as per MAT u/s 115JB. & Find out any MAT [↑] Credit if there.

Solr

PGBP	₹ 100 cr.
GTI	₹ 100 cr.
<u>Less: Ded. u/s IOAA (normal)</u>	<u>(₹ 60 cr)</u>
NTI	<u>₹ 40 cr.</u> ✓

Tax @ 30% of 40 cr.	12 cr.
<u>Add: 12% of 12 cr.</u>	<u>1.44 cr.</u>
	13.44 cr.
<u>Add: HEC @ 4% of 13.44 cr.</u>	<u>0.54 cr.</u>
Normal Tax	<u>13.98 cr.</u>

Note:- 1 Ded. u/s 10AA (3rd year)

= 100% of Export Profit

= 100% of 60 cr = ₹ 60 cr

$$= \frac{100\text{ cr}}{1000\text{ cr}} \times 600\text{ cr} = \underline{\underline{₹ 60\text{ cr}}} \text{ [Export Profit]}$$

MAT u/s 115JB

Book Profit

NTI	40 cr.
<u>Add:- Ded. u/s 10AA</u>	<u>60 cr.</u>
Book Profit	<u>₹ 100 cr</u>

MAT @ 15% of 100 cr.	15 cr.
<u>Add:- Surcharge @ 12% of 15 cr.</u>	<u>1.80 cr.</u>
	16.80 cr.
<u>Add:- HEC @ 4% of 16.80 cr</u>	<u>0.67 cr.</u>
MAT Payble	<u>17.47 cr</u>

Tax Payble

↑ (i) Normal Tax	13.98 cr.
(ii) MAT	17.47 cr

Tax Payble = 17.47 cr.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{MAT Credit} &= \text{MAT} - \text{Normal Tax} \\ (\text{if } \text{MAT} > \text{Normal Tax}) &= 17.47\text{cr} - 13.98\text{cr} \\ &= \underline{3.49\text{cr.}}\end{aligned}$$

MAT credit shall be carried forward for Next IS A.Y. & whenever Normal Tax > MAT, then such credit can be utilise to Reduce Normal Tax.

Eg. A.Y. 2024-25 (Next A.Y.)

(i) MAT ₹ 12cr.
 (ii) Normal Tax ₹ 15cr.

$$\text{Tax payable} = 15\text{cr.}$$

$$\text{Tax payable} = 15\text{cr} - 3\text{cr.} \quad (\text{max. credit can be utilise})$$

$$\text{Tax payable} = \underline{12\text{cr.}}$$

$$\text{Balance MAT credit} = 3.49\text{cr} - 3\text{cr} = 0.49\text{cr}$$

↓
 C/F for
Balance 14AY.

