Constructing a Frequency Distribution   Certain criteria to be kept in mind while constructing a frequency distribution are as follows. Consider the data on the number of hours of overtime given in Table 2.2 to construct Table 2.4.

Table 2.4   Array and Tallies

Number of Overtime Hours	Tally	Number of Weeks (Frequency)
84	||	2
85	||	2
86	—	0
87	|	1
88	||||	4
89	|||	3
90	||	2
91	||	2
92	||	2
93	⊬⊬	6
94	⊬	5
95	|	1
		——
		30

When number of observations gets larger, the method to condense the data into frequency distribution table is summarized below:

(i) Select an appropriate number of non-overlapping class intervals.
(ii) Determine the width of the class intervals.
(iii) Determine class limits (or boundaries) for each class interval to avoid overlapping.